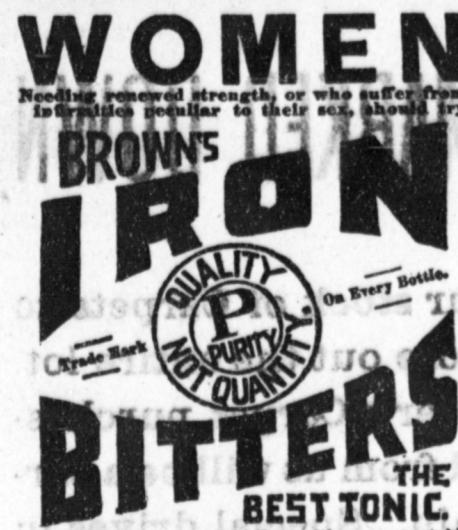


DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

VOL. VI--NO. 209.

MAYSVILLE, KY., MONDAY, JULY 25, 1887.

PRICE ONE CENT.



This medicine combines Iron with pure vegetable tonics, and is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It Enriches and Purifies the Blood, strengthens the Nerves, in fact, thoroughly Invigorates. Clears the complexion, and makes the skin smooth. It does not blacken the teeth, cause headache, or produce any other害处. For further information, address Mrs. ELLIZABETH BAIRD, 74 Farwell Ave., Milwaukee, Wis., says, under date of Dec. 26th, 1884:

"I have used Brown's Iron Bitters, and it has been more than a doctor to me, having cured me of the wretched rheumatism in my life. Also cured me of Liver Complaint, and now my complexion is clear and good. Has also been beneficial to my children."

Mrs. LOUISA C. BRAGDON, East Lockport, N.Y., says: "I have suffered from Rheumatism, Fevers, &c., and could obtain relief from nothing except Brown's Iron Bitters." Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

T. H. N. SMITH,

DENTIST.

Nitro-nitro, or laughing gas, used for the painless extraction of teeth. Office on Court Street.

G. M. WILLIAMS,

Dentist.

OFFICE: Third street, west of Market, next door to Dr. James Shackleford's.

LANE & WORRICK.

Contractors.

ARCHITECTS and BUILDERS

Plans and specifications furnished on reasonable terms and all work satisfactorily and promptly done. Office on Third street, between Wall and Sutton.

JOHN CRANE,

—House, Sign and—

Ornamental Painter.

Graining, Glazing and Paper-hanging. All work neatly and promptly executed. Office and shop, north side of Fourth between Market and Limestone, streets.

ALLEN D. COLE,

LAWYER,

will practice in the courts of Mason and adjoining counties, the Superior Court and Court of Appeals. Special attention given to Collections and to Real Estate. Court street, Maysville, Ky.

HENRY MENGARD,

No. 7 Market Street,

RELIABLE MERCHANT TAILOR.

Call and examine my samples of Foreign and Domestic goods from the largest wholesale houses of New York. Suits made to order on more reasonable terms than any other house in the city, and at guaranteed.

G. W. SULER,

(Court Street, Maysville, Ky.)

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Will practice in the courts of Mason and adjoining counties. Prompt attention given to collection of claims and accounts. Also to Fire Insurance, and the buying, selling and rental of houses, lots and lands, and the writing of deeds, mortgages, contracts, etc.

WALL & WORTHINGTON,

GARRETT S. WALL,
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Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

Will practice in all courts in Mason and adjoining counties and in the Superior Court and Court of Appeals. All collections given prompt attention.

LAW CARD.

J. H. SALLEE, Commonwealth's Atty.

J. H. SALLEE, Notary Public.

SALLEE & SALLEE,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law. Will attend to collections and a general law practice in civil cases in Mason and adjoining counties. Fire Insurance and Real Estate Agents. All letters answered promptly. Office No. 12 Court street, Maysville, Ky.

S. J. DAUGHERTY,

—Designer and dealer in—

MONUMENTS, TABLETS.

Monuments, &c. The largest stock of the latest designs. The best material and work ever offered in this section of the state, at reduced prices. Those wanting work in Granite or Marble are invited to call and see for themselves. Second street, Maysville.

JACOB LINN,

—THIMBLES

BAKER AND CONFECTIONER.

Ice Cream and Soda Water a specialty. Fresh Bread and Cakes made daily and delivered to any part of the city. Parties and weddings furnished on short notice. No. 35 Second street.

NORTHEASTERN

KENTUCKY: TELEPHONE: COMPANY

Has connection with the following places:

Maysville, Helena, Mt. Olivet,

Maysville, Sardis.

Office in Maysville—W. W. Holton's Dry Goods Store, No. 9 East Second street.

OPPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home with-out pain. Book of Particulars. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D., Atlanta, Ga. Office 65 Whitehall Street.

DUBLIN DELIBERATIONS.

SETTING THE MACHINERY OF THE COERCION ACT IN MOTION.

Curiosity Felt in England and Anxiety in Ireland Over the Outcome of the Conference—Mr. Carnegie and Mr. Blaine in the Highlands of Scotland.

LONDON, July 25.—Great curiosity and considerable anxiety is manifested over the outcome of the deliberations in Dublin on the question of setting the machinery of the coercion act in motion. The curiosity is confined to England and the anxiety felt in Ireland, but in neither is the belief as strong as it was a few weeks ago that the law will be enforced as rigorously as the Tories would like to have done.

Of the conferees the lord lieutenant is an uncompromising Tory, Mr. Balfour was of the same stripe until the recent parliamentary elections forced the government to modify its policy toward Ireland, Lord Ashbourne is inclined to give the tenants a chance for their lives and Gen. Buller, who went to Ireland with the reputation, well earned, of a martinet, has shown himself even more disposed to act with fairness and justice toward the Irish tenantry than his predecessor in office, Sir Robert Hamilton, whose resignation was demanded because he was favorably disposed toward Mr. Gladstone's Home Rule policy. The Marquis of Londonderry, as viceroy of Ireland, will undoubtedly demand unrestricted exercise of the law, framed as it was for enforcement in the country for whose government he is responsible, and in the circumstances his demand would seem to be in no way unreasonable; but the political considerations now to be taken into account will make the government chary about giving him the power in the execution of the law to which he is entitled.

In advising strict enforcement of the law, should he do so, the viceroy would be opposed by the other three parties to the conference upon entirely dissimilar grounds. Mr. Balfour would oppose the suggestion because of the government's peculiar position, which necessitates very liberal allowances to the changed state of public opinion on the part of the Conservative party if they would retain office. Lord Ashbourne would argue against it from the point of view of a man who has never been among those who were classed as Ireland's bitterest enemies, and has no desire at this late day to be placed in that category, although there is probably no more sentimental reason for his opposition, but Gen. Buller would contend against the proposal from motives of justice.

Holding, as he does, an exalted life position in the army, he is entirely removed from a position where he could be influenced by considerations of political preferment, and during the time that he has been in Ireland he has had opportunities to observe the true relations between landlord and tenant that few men have ever had, or have taken advantage of, if they did have. He doesn't need that anybody should tell him that nine-tenths of the so-called outrages committed in Ireland within the last year are directly traceable to the rapacity, injustice and even brutality of the landlord, and although he has had to deal extensively with violators of the law, he knows the provocation the offenders have had, and realizes the danger of giving full force to a law which further increases the power of the landlord, while it reduces the rights and privileges of the tenant.

In view of this variety of opinion among the rulers of Ireland it is reasonably safe to predict that an extremely moderate application of the coercive law will be decided upon and it is safe to say that the magistrates and county officials summoned to Dublin to report the condition of their respective localities and receive instructions will experience no little surprise at the character of their orders if they have cherished the idea of paying off old scores through the enforcement of the crimes act to the letter.

MR. CARNEGIE INTERVIEWED.

BRIDGE OF EARN, Scotland, July 25.—A reporter called at Mr. Carnegie's residence today for the purpose of interviewing Mr. Blaine. He was met by Mr. Carnegie, who in answer to a question as to Mr. Blaine's plans said: "Of course we don't know definitely, but he and his family are to make a little excursion of three days to the north of Burns and the Trossachs. Mr. Blaine, you understand, comes back here after doing the Burns country. In the course of the next four months we are to have a four-in-hand drag tour around Abergavennyshire highlands. Myself and Mrs. Carnegie are determined to purchase a summer house in Scotland, and we are now considering several offers. You know I am going to address the Glasgow Liberal association September 13, on American home rule. About the same time we go to Sterling, where several national statues are to be unveiled. One of them, of Walter Scott, has been presented by my wife. I shall have a number of home rulers down here when the British parliament rises. Among our American visitors there will be Henry Phipps, my principal partner, and his wife, Chauncey M. Depew and Mrs. Depew, and H. C. Frick, head of the coke syndicates."

The reporter wished to see Mr. Blaine, but that gentleman declined to be interviewed.

GERMANY AND AUSTRIA.

BERLIN, July 25.—Emperor William has been quietly sojourning at Gastein, making the Bodeschloss hotel his headquarters. In that hotel to-morrow morning he will meet the Emperor Francis Joseph, of Austria, when the policy to be adopted to prevent the election of Prince Ferdinand as prince of Bulgaria, will be determined upon. The present temper of Germany is against the election of a Coburger. Bismarck's organ, the North German Gazette, in an article believed to have been inspired by the chancellor, maintains that Ferdinand is a German and not an Austrian prince, and denies that he has received the permission of Ernst II., the reigning King of Saxo-Coburg, to accept. The Boersen Courier has telegram from Coburg that Duke Ernst insists that Ferdinand shall not accept.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Indications—Fair weather, variable winds, generally westerly, cooler.

A. T. STEWART'S ESTATE.

Another Suit Against Judge Hilton to Set Aside Mrs. Stewart's Transfer.

NEW YORK, July 25.—The litigation around the estate of Alexander T. Stewart appears to be interminable. The last published important action begun was that of Prescott Hall Butler, who, about the middle of February last, filed notice of pendency of action in a suit to set aside what is known as the trust clause in the will of Mrs. Cornelia M. Stewart. Mr. Butler's great aim was to reduce ex-Judge Henry Hilton's power as a trustee under the will. The suit involved a large part of his complaint to allegations of undue influence exerted by Mr. Hilton upon the mind of Mrs. Stewart. This feature does not appear in the present complaint, which, without this, however, is still a formidable document.

Mr. Butler's mother-in-law, Mrs. J. Lawrence Smith, has now begun another suit against Mr. Hilton. The purpose of this is to have an accounting and to set aside the transfer of the dry goods business made by Mrs. Stewart in 1877. A. T. Stewart died in April of that year. The present action differs in important particulars from the suit instituted by Mr. Butler. In his action he devoted a large part of his complaint to allegations of undue influence exerted by Mr. Hilton upon the mind of Mrs. Stewart. This feature does not appear in the present complaint, which, without this, however, is still a formidable document.

WHEAT STATISTICS.

Bradstreet's Comparisons of the Present With Last Year's Crops.

NEW YORK, July 25.—In the July 23 issue of Bradstreet's is presented the results of a special investigation into the quantity of old wheat carried over on July 1, 1887, as compared with the like date last year. That the totals are exact to the bushel is, of course, out of the question. That they are approximately accurate is confidently believed. Over six thousand inquiries have been made, in addition to special reports from grain experts, crop reporters and others. Bradstreet's find 21,500,000 bushels of wheat in farmer's hands (strictly), United States and Canada, July 1 last, against 28,600,000 bushels a year ago, a decline of 7,100,000 bushels, or 25 per cent. But the quantity between farmers' hands and the wheat reported in the official visible supply statement was 11,000,000 July 1, against 7,200,000 one year ago, an increase of 3,800,000, over 50 per cent.

The grand total of invisible wheat on hand, both coasts, on the 1st inst., was 22,500,000 bushels, as compared with 35,800,000 July 1, 1886, a decline of 3,300,000, or 9 per cent. The above does not include wheat flour in retailers' hands or wheat in transit by rail. The latter may increase the totals in each case by 1,000,000 more or less. In conclusion Bradstreet's says it is safe to add that this is the smallest stock of invisible wheat carried over for years, as the general estimate for the year 1887 (July 1) is about 40,000,000 bushels. Adding the officially reported visible supplies of wheat to the above we have about 72,000,000 bushels of wheat (and flour), visible and invisible, on July 1, 1887, as compared with 69,000,000 bushels one year ago.

ATCHING UP THE CABLE WAR.

NEW YORK, July 25.—The world says negotiations are going on between Messrs. Gould and Mackay for a cessation of the cable war. The hitch is over the Commercial's guarantee, made in 1886, that in case it advanced rates above forty cents a word at any time it would refund to customers the excess of ten or thirteen cents a word over what other companies would have charged. About \$2,500,000 would have to be refunded under this agreement. Mr. Mackay wants Mr. Gould to assume this obligation, and Mr. Gould doesn't want to.

Chicago's Fugitive Aldermen.

CHICAGO, July 25.—A New special from Montreal says: Ex-Alderman Henry L. Sayles and Charles Dempsey are registered at the Leon Springs hotel. Moloney is still at Lachine and Keenan at the Windsor. The latter is in poor health and is being treated for kidney trouble. The Moloneys continue to be quite at home at Lachine and take things remarkably easy. Billy Moloney sharp will never live out his sentence.

THE FATE OF FOUNDLINGS.

NEW YORK, July 25.—A Montreal special to the world says that 96 per cent. of the foundlings of that city perish. The children are left at the Grey Nunneries, and from there "farmed" to the poor people of the city and suburbs, who are paid ten cents a day per head to care for them, but who neglect them and allow them to die of heat and disease.

HAD NOTHING TO DO WITH THE CAMPAIGN.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., July 25.—The Weeling Register prints a letter from Senator Camden denying that he used money in trying to secure his election to the legislature. He admits sending money to Mr. Reger in Ohio, and says it had nothing to do with the campaign. Reger was an old friend who was sick and needed money and he sent it as an act of kindness.

DEMOCRATS ENTHUSED.

ASHLAND, Ky., July 25.—Hon. J. W. Bryan, the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant governor, spoke here Friday night to a large audience. His enthusiastic supporters fired cannon, had a fireworks display and gave an excursion on the Chattooga railroad.

THE HOWE MURDER.

COLUMBUS, Ind., July 24.—The coroner finds that Mrs. Mary Howe, whose body was found in the river near here, came to her death by blows from a club in the hands of Ivory and Frank Cutinger, Riley Spurgin, J. S. Thompson, Elias Moyer, Andy Oaks and Rosa Shultz.

DUN'S WEEKLY REVIEW.

REPORTS SHOWING THE PRESENT CONDITION OF BUSINESS.

Business Progressing Well, Crop Prospects Excellent, Iron Production Larger Than Any Previous Period and Money in Abundant Supply—Failures.

NEW YORK, July 25.—R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of trade, says: With business progressing well throughout the country, crop prospects excellent, iron production larger than at any previous period, and money in abundant supply, Wall street is disturbed because a dream it has been chasing for months suddenly fades away, and Mr. Garrett announces the failure of Mr. Ives to buy the Baltimore & Ohio.

The incident illustrates the weakness of Wall street as a barometer. For four months the street has been discounting the beneficial results of this expected "settlement," and all sorts of purchases, loans, commitments and calculations have been based thereon. But for these the retention of the Baltimore & Ohio by its old owners would disturb nobody. But now litigation, involving the value of many properties, direct and indirect, had been commenced, and may cloud over with uncertainty for some time, and meanwhile no one waits to buy a share in a lawsuit.

Wheat at \$1 3-4 for No. 2 red winter in July is lower than it has been before in that month for more than forty years, and close to the lowest price in that period for any month. This is the direct result of a speculation which drew many million bushels from farmers' hands, where cost of carrying was nothing, into the hands of dealers who are anxious to unload before the new wheat comes.

The twenty million bushels in a few elevators are heavier than fifty million bushels would be in farmers' bins. Small purchases from farmers for some time to come are probable, and the consequent delay in a demand for money to use in crop-moving may possibly prove helpful.

Prices generally are low, in spite of many speculations. As evidence of the absorption of floating capital in fixed forms, and its effects, it may be stated that the same quantities of articles, representing nine-tenths of the aggregate consumption of the country, which could have been bought a year ago for \$100, would now cost only about \$100,30, and they were not 4 per cent. higher in January last. So small a change in prices, after an expansion of \$65,000,000 during the year in circulation, is surprising.

Cotton is tending downward, with liquidation following several important failures, but goods are comparatively scarce and prices well maintained.

Woolens are as usual unsatisfactory, foreign competition, at low prices combining with a slack demand for goods to discourage producers. But some kinds of iron and steel look stronger, though the market for steel rails seems less firm. A sale of 25,000 tons Bessemer iron at above \$20 is reported, and at the same time a large sale of rails for Pacific delivery at prices below current quotations. Reports from all parts of the country are uniformly favorable as to state of trade for the season, and collections are reported good or fair at all points save two. The crop prospects are also pronounced more favorable, though the extent of damage done by the drought and insects cannot be determined. Failure to enforce the interstate act was expected results in disappointment to some localities; but the volume of exchanges, and the returns of railroad earnings, show that business is, on the whole, larger than a year ago.

Anxiety about the supply of money for the fall revives discussion of treasury operations, but indications are that no purchases of bonds will be made if it can be avoided. The treasury has taken in \$2,000,000 more than it had paid out during the past week—\$800,000 gold, \$600,000 silver and

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

THE DAILY BULLETIN will be delivered to any part of the city at 6 cents a week, or one year for \$3.

THE DAILY BULLETIN to any postoffice in the United States, postage prepaid, at twenty-five cents per month or three dollars per year.

MONDAY EVENING JULY 25, 1887.

BUCKNER's majority in this county is estimated at about 300, but it may reach 400. It ought to be at least 600, but there is no local fight to bring out the vote.

It is the opinion of every one you see from Rowan County that the Governor ought to send troops to Morehead to preserve order at the approaching term of court.

A ZEALOUS Prohibitionist of this county said last Saturday that he intended to vote for General Buckner next Monday. He looks upon Fox's candidacy as a Republican scheme.

THE Lancaster correspondent of the Danville Advocate predicts for Colonel Bradley the loss of his own county. It is to be inferred from this that Bradley is weakest where he is best known.

THE Republicans of Lewis County hold a convention to-day to nominate a candidate for the Legislature. There are three aspirant—Messrs. Hillis, Bowman and Rummons. Late reports point to Hillis as the winner.

THE Flemingsburg Times-Democrat's refusal to support A. P. Hord, the party nominee for the Legislature, has resulted in the establishment of the Fleming County Democrat. The first issue of the new paper appeared Saturday, from the Bourbon News office. After the election it will be removed to Flemingsburg. W. A. Roby is local editor.

MASON, DICKEY & Co., who have the contract for building the Hodgenville & Elizabethtown Railroad, broke ground last Friday. The undertaking was inaugurated with a grand ceremony. The event is attracting a great deal of attention, and it is believed to be the beginning of an important railroad movement in that part of the State.

THE newspaper that is independent on party questions is the only one to be relied upon.

The above appeared in the Louisville Commercial. The Commercial claims to be an "independent" paper. If there is a more unreliable paper in the State than the Commercial we haven't heard of it. Its reliability was thoroughly tested in the Harris-Buckner fight.

"THAT this country can get along with one Democrat in the White House and another Democrat in the Treasury Department is evidenced by the fact," says the Louisville Times, "that since the beginning of the current year \$100,000,000 have been invested in new railroad enterprises, \$400,000,000 in new buildings and \$100,000,000 in mining operations in the South."

THE American Baptist, published by colored people at Louisville, says in reference to the State campaign: "The two contending parties are hard at work. The Democrats and Republicans seem to have it to themselves. The Prohibitionists and Labor Party are seldom heard from. But yet no negro's voice is heard in the land. We were informed that colored men would canvass for the Republican ticket, but as yet no negro comes forth. The white Republicans don't want the negro face to be seen nor his voice to be heard."

For the fiscal year ending June 30th there were \$2,390,765 paid out by the Pension office at Louisville. The total number of pensioners on the roll at this office is 10,733. Of these "twenty-eight receive \$72 per month, twenty-nine \$50, thirty \$45, sixty-three \$36, twenty-eight \$20, fourteen \$18, ninety-three \$14, eight hundred and forty-seven \$2, thirty-five \$3, nine hundred and ninety-four \$6, one thousand three hundred and seventy-nine \$8, one thousand five hundred and thirty-eight \$4 and three hundred and sixty-nine \$10. These are pensions for those who are disabled. All widows, save widows of officers, draw \$12 per month each."

Public Printing.

One of the campaign charges of the Republicans is that the Democrats have been squandering money on the public printing. The Frankfort Capital, in refutation of this charge, says:

The present Public Printer entered upon the duties of his office on the fourth day of August, 1884. The books of the Auditor will show a careful and intelligible statement of every dollar paid to him on account of printing and binding. The total amounts paid by the State on account of printing, binding, paper, electrotyping, etc., for three years ending August 1, 1887, will not exceed \$99,000, or an average of \$29,666.77 per year, of which sums the Public Printer only receives a total of \$61,614.63 for three years, or an average per year of \$20,539.00. Of this amount the State

receives the benefit of the sales of the Reports of the Court of Appeals, published by the Public Printer, and which will amount to not less than \$6,000, thus reducing the actual cost to the State of the amounts paid the Public Printer and Binder to a yearly average of not exceeding \$19,000.

Compare with the above figures the cost for the public printing and binding in some other states, as follows:

Pennsylvania, (1884).....	\$151,559.95
Ohio, (1884).....	102,272.96
New York, (1886).....	94,498.99
Illinois, (1884).....	81,221.99
Kansas, (1886).....	83,344.24
Michigan, (1885).....	76,912.49

The cost in Kentucky—an average of about \$19,000 a year for the past three years,—seems trivial compared with the above. And then see what the public printing and binding in this State cost the last three years of Republican rule. Here are the figures as shown by official reports:

In 1885.....	\$20,918.87
In 1886.....	32,558.95
In 1887.....	71,423.70

City Items.

Try Langdon's City Butter Crackers.

Ask your grocer for Foerster's City Butter Crackers. They are the best.

The latest styles of wall paper and ceiling decorations at J. C. Pecor & Co.'s drug and book store.

We are offering special bargains in fans, parasols, gauze underwear, etc., at Paul Hoeflich & Bro's.

See our cheap counter. Our lot of fine and cheap camisieres, for men and boys, at cost, to close out. W. W. HOLTON.

Agency Portsmouth Steam Laundry. Best work, lowest prices. Give us a trial. Paul McDonald, at Paul Hoeflich & Bro's.

G. W. Blatterman & Co. carry a very large stock of mouldings, including all latest styles, and solicit orders for framing. A variety of pictures, all styles, including some fine oil paintings by distinguished foreign artists.

Is There a Cure for Consumption?

We answer unreservedly, yes! If the patient commences in time the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and exercises proper care. It allowed to run its course too long all medicine is powerless to stay it. Dr. Pierce never deceives a patient by holding out a false hope for the sake of pecuniary gain. The Golden Medical Discovery has cured thousands of patients when nothing else seemed to avail. Your druggist has it. Send two stamps for Dr. Pierce's complete treatise on consumption with numerous testimonials. Address World's Dispensary Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

The Flippant Young Man.

One day an emissary of the Salvation army handed my friend a card on which were printed words to the effect that the wicked would perish, and added to this statement were a few words of admonition. This flippant young man hastily recalled the giver and said: "See here, you have delivered this to the wrong address. Let me see your pack."

Then, taking a heap of cards from the astonished emissary, he selected one which said the good would be rewarded.

"This is the one that was meant for me," he said. "That one about the wicked was meant for my friend. You ought to be more careful how you scatter these cards about."

"I am afraid," said the emissary gently, as the pack of cards were returned, "that you are not treading the straight and narrow way."

"Well, not at the present moment," said the young man, "but I came down that way, and expect to go back, which is worse luck."—Luke Sharp in Detroit Free Press.

No Poison in Candy.

"How about the candy children eat? I remember the seizure of tons upon tons two years ago."

"Yes! and that settled it. That candy was colored with poisonous metallic colors, and the loss was so heavy to the manufacturers that they gave right up. They not only organized an anti-adulteration society—there are only fifteen or twenty of them in the city that amount to anything—but compelled every outsider to come in and join them and to sign a sworn pledge to make only pure and harmless candy. It is safe to eat candy in New York nowadays. Once in a great while we catch some cheap little manufacturer on a side street coloring his candy with chromate of lead, but the great mass of candy is harmless sugar. I haven't heard if there has been any falling off in infant mortality on that account, though there ought to be."—Dr. Cyrus Edson in Herald of Health.

Story of the "Fighting Parson."

It is said of the late Rev. Dr. Granville Moody, the "fighting parson," that once at Piqua, Ohio, where he was preaching, he made a patriotic remark that rather cut Mr. Frank McKinney, a local Democratic leader, and McKinney threatened to whip him. "You may get hurt if you try it," replied the minister. But McKinney wasn't afraid and attacked him on the public street. In a twinkling Dr. Moody grappled with him, got his head in "chancery" and pounded him until he begged for mercy, when he let him go, saying: "I told you, Frank, I might hurt you."

In the scuffle they tumbled over a boy and broke his leg. Dr. Moody at once took charge of the youngster, paid the surgeon's bill and more, and sent an account to McKinney for half the expenses, which the latter paid.—New York Tribune.

Pastry as Wholesome as Toast.

People will eat hot buttered toast, and give it to children and invalids, who will tell you that they are quite careful about diet, and never think of touching pastry. The difference between the two articles is as follows:

Pastry is flour and water baked. After butter has been rubbed into it. Buttered toast is flour and water baked first and then rubbed thoroughly with butter. The difference between pastry and well buttered toast is apparently the difference between the proverbial "tweedledum and tweedledee." I only mention toast as one instance of the articles of diet which people consider comparatively simple and indulge in freely.

RETAIL MARKET.

Coffee # lb.....	\$ 20 @ .50
classes, new crop, per gal.....	40 @ .70
Ground Slop.....	40 @ .70
Sugar, Fancy New.....	30
Sugar, yellow # lb.....	5 @ .60
Sugar, extra C. # lb.....	6
Sugar, A. # lb.....	6 @ .70
Sugar, granulated # lb.....	9
Sugar, powdered, per lb.....	9
Sugar, New Orleans, # lb.....	6 @ .60
Teas, # lb.....	50 @ 1.00
Coal Oil, head light # gal.....	15
Gasoline, clear sides per lb.....	12
Bacon, Ham, # lb.....	12 @ 1.14
Bacon, Shoulders per lb.....	25
Beans # gal.....	15 @ .25
Butter, # lb.....	10
Chickens, each.....	5 @ .50
Flour, Limestone, per barrel.....	4 @ .50
Flour, Old Gold, per barrel.....	5 @ .50
Flour, Maysville Fancy, per barrel.....	4 @ .75
Flour, Mason's Patent, per barrel.....	4 @ .75
Flour, Mayville Fancy, per barrel.....	5 @ .50
Flour, Graham, per sack.....	5 @ .50
Eggs, # doz.....	20
Hominy, # gallon.....	10
Meat # peck.....	20 @ 1.00
Lard # lb.....	8 @ .10
Onions, per peck.....	45
Potatoes # per peck.....	25
Apples, per peck.....	40
Corn, per dozen.....	10 @ 1.25

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

NOT THE ORIGINAL, BUT RED-HOT PRICES AT

HILL'S.

Pure Granulated Sugar per pound.....	7
White Coffee (A.) Sugar per pound.....	6 @ .60
Light Brown Sugar.....	5
Good Brown Sugar.....	5
Fine Roasted Coffee.....	25
Large Pickles per dozen.....	5
4 pounds choice Prunes.....	25
3 pounds best Leaf Lard.....	25
40 pounds best Flour.....	1.00
50 pounds good Flour.....	1.00
60 pounds extra fine Flour.....	5
1 pound extra fine Gunpowder Tea.....	40
2 large bars Soap.....	5
1 gallon best Coal Oil.....	10
2 good Brooms.....	25

CAMP MEETING

AT RUGGLES' CAMP GROUNDS,

AUGUST 4th to 14th

The annual meeting will commence on the above date and continue for ten days. New cottages have been added. The grounds are in fine condition. A good meeting is in anticipation. Many eminent preachers will be present, among them Rev. I. W. Joyce, D. D., Rev. A. B. Leonard, D. D., and Rev. McAfee, all of the Cincinnati conference.

Miss Anna Gallimore, of Newport, Ky., will conduct the Children's Chapel. Singing will be in charge of the Rev. C. H. Williams, of West Union, who will be assisted by a mixed choir. Thomas Ruggles will have charge of the Hotel, Hamrick & Bro, the Confectionery and Baggage, and the Stables will be in charge of Nash & Ruggles. There will be conveyances to and from the grounds, morning and evening; fare from Maysville, 50 cents each way.

Rev. C. J. Howes, P. E., will have charge of the services.

Any too poor to pay entrance fee will be admitted free of charge.

YOUNG MEN'S GREAT: KENTUCKY: FAIR.

August 17, 18, 19 and 20.

First Day—8:00 and 2:28 class; Saddle Horse, Mules and Draft Horses.

Second Day—2:28 and two-year-old stake, closed thirty-seven entries; Pony Race; Harness and Saddle Horses; Handsome turnout, etc.

Third Day—3:00 Pace; Three-year-old stake, twenty-three entries; one-year-old trot; Harness Roadsters, Saddlers and Park.

Fourth Day—2:25 Four-year-old stake, nine entries; Two-year-old Mason and adjoining county stake; Roadsters, Double Teams, etc.

Our Fair of the past two years has been a grand success, but this year's will be to surpass all previous ones. The Grand Parade and Trick have been wonderfully improved. Larger Premiums than ever in the Floral Hall and Show Rings. Come one, come all. Only 35 cents to the Greatest Fair in Kentucky. Nowhere except here will you see eleven races in four days. Send for Programme. **LADIES and CHILDREN FREE** the first day.

JAMES W. FITZGERALD, President.

E. H. MARTIN, Secretary.

RED HOT

Bargains in Dry Goods.

Cut prices make them so, at HOLTON'S store, this week and next. Come and see them. Prints, Cottons, Lawns, India Linens, Nainsook, Satins, Silks and Cutwork, all kinds of Dry Goods, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Suspender, Shirts, Collars and Cuffs, Hamburgs and Laces, Silk Mitts and Gloves, Lace Curtains, &c. They must go at some price. Go get them. Jildim.

INSURANCE.

FIRE, LIFE, MARINE.

HAYSWOOD

Female Seminary,

MAYSVILLE, KY.

REV. J. S. HAYS, D. D., Principal.

The next session of this young and flourishing institution will open September 5th, with a full corps of teachers. Ample accommodations are provided for both day pupils and boarders. For Catalogue or terms, apply to the Principal, (ta20) JOHN S. HAYS.

THE NEW AND ELEGANT DAILY FAST PASSENGER PACKET

1

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSE & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.
MONDAY EVENING JULY 25, 1887.

INDICATIONS: "Fair weather, higher temperature."

WARNER's safe yeast—Calhoun's.

H. C. SMITH, who has been sick for several days, is improving.

AT OWENTON, KY., Hostetter's Bitters gave a man the delirium tremens.

JOHN W. ZOLLER, of the Mt. Olivet Tribune, was in town this morning.

THE FAIR at Manchester will begin September 21 and continue three days.

THERE were only ten applicants for teacher's certificates before the Board of Examiners last Saturday.

MAJOR MATT ADAMS and Judge Lytle will address the citizens of Mayslick and vicinity to-night, beginning at 8 o'clock.

HON. A. B. COLE, of Chillicothe, O., accompanied by his wife and daughter, is visiting his brother, Judge A. E. Cole.

THE Taylor House, at Augusta, has changed hands, John Crawford, formerly of West Union, O., having taken charge of it.

MISS REBECCA TERHUNE, a sister of Mr. Robert Terhune of this county, is reported very ill at her home in Fayette County.

JAMES N. BOYD, of Dover, is another one of the fortunate tobacco merchants this year. He has sold his purchase at a profit of \$15,000.

THE News-Enterprise, of Georgetown, Ky., says there wasn't a marriage license issued to whites in Scott County from April 13 to July 21.

THE KENTUCKY CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY threatens to remove its shops from Covington because of unjust treatment on the part of that city.

THE FAIR at Ripley will be held August 30th and September 2nd inclusive. The company has the thanks of the BULLETIN for a complimentary ticket.

REV. FATHER ALGERMEISSEN, assistant pastor of St. Stephen's Church, Newport, Ky., was prostrated recently with a severe attack of sickness.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

DANIEL SCOTT, an ex-citizen of Mason County, now living in Adams County, O., is said to have sold his purchase of tobacco at a profit of from \$15,000 to \$25,000.

DAVID DYE returned Saturday from a business trip through Central Kentucky for E. A. Robinson & Co., cigar manufacturers. Mr. Dye reports a brisk trade.

AT Lexington, Ky., Joseph O'Neil, about nineteen years old, attempted suicide by taking an ounce of laudanum. Doctors worked on him for several hours, and he may recover.

THE new United States barracks at Newport will be located on the hills three miles from that city, overlooking the Ohio River, the Bigstaff farm of 111 acres having been selected as the site.

IT will take nearly a year yet, says the Greenup Herald, to complete the railroad bridge at Tygart's Creek. Temporary trestle-work will be used there and at one or two other places along the route.

THERE will be speaking at the old court house at Washington, Monday, July 25th, in the interest of prohibition. Mr. Kiff and Squire Mastin, candidate for the Legislature, will be on hand. All are invited.

A LARGE crowd attended camp meeting yesterday at High Bridge. When the Kentucky Central train left Lexington it had seventeen coaches crowded with passengers. There were thirteen coaches in the train from Georgetown.

THE unpleasant sensation to delicate eyes, experienced after reading or working for a considerable time, especially by artificial light, is entirely obviated by using Diamond Spectacles—every pair warranted or money refunded. For sale by Ballenger, the jeweler.

WILLIAM HENDRICKS, colored, better known as "Bath County Bill," was tried in the Circuit Court last Saturday on the charge of robbing one, C. M. Ogden. The accused admitted all along that he took the money, but claims he fully intended returning it to the rightful owner. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

THOUSANDS of women bless the day on which Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" was made known to them. In all those derangements causing backache, dragging-down sensations, nervous and general debility, it is a sovereign remedy. Its soothing and healing properties render it of the utmost value to ladies suffering from "internal fever," congestion, inflammation or ulceration. By druggists.

TWO CITIES.

United Financially Through a Mail Messenger Service.

True History of a Contract That Has Caused Talk.

The following appeared in the Cincinnati Telegram, of a recent date:

"A new contract for the messenger mail service of Cincinnati—the conveyance of mails to and from the railroad depots and the river—was entered upon on July 1 to Pearce & Browning, (of Maysville, Ky.) for three years, at \$14,747 per year. This is a big increase over the former contract price, and thereby hangs a tale."

"July 1, 1884, W. W. Weedon, of Maysville, Ky., entered upon the contract for three years following that date, at the rate of \$8,997 per year. Previous to that time the contractor was a man named Gannon, who had for superintendent a man named Everley. Gannon got tired of the work, had some difficulty with the Post Office Department, and long before the expiration of his contract decided to abandon the job.

"Weedon, who had been interested in several little Star Route contracts, * * * determined to bid for this Cincinnati mail messenger service. He first figured upon it at \$12,000 per year, and was told by friends who had also figured, but withdrew when he entered, that he must lose money at that rate. He came to Cincinnati and spent a week or more investigating, and was somehow induced to lower his bid to \$8,997. He claimed that Everley, Gannon's superintendent, had given him the figures; but this statement has been doubted.

"When he went to Washington he was informed by officers of the Post Office Department that he would lose \$20,000 on these figures; but he insisted that he knew what he was doing; that he was going into the horse-training business here, and would make up in that anything he might lose, if any, by the contract. So he was told if his sureties were good he would have the contract.

"Weedon came home and was so strongly beset by friends, who showed him, mathematically, that he must lose heavily by such a contract, that he again went to Washington to try and procure a release. But meanwhile inquiry had been made as to the standing of his sureties, Postmaster Whitfield going to Maysville to investigate, then to Washington to report.

"The Postmaster arrived at Washington, while Weedon was still there, and assured the department that the sureties were perfectly good, and Weedon was held to the contract. He * * * died on the second day of July, the day after his contract began. His wife had died shortly after securing her divorce, it is said, * * * and they had no children.

"The bondsmen of Weedon, who were Charles Burgess Pearce and John Henry Wilson, of Maysville, took up the contract, sending down C. N. Weedon, a cousin and brother-in-law of the original contractor, to manage it.

"He * * * had bad luck. He lost four good horses worth \$800, and suffered heavy deductions in fines for delay in delivery of mails—as high as \$13 in one month. These fines are exacted by the Post Office authorities at the rate of two cents per minute for all time beyond the allotted time of delivery; and from \$5 to \$10 are charged for the missing of a train. In the first year the loss on the contract amounted to \$6,000 and Weedon gave up the superintendency. Robert Anderson, formerly a mail messenger on the Kentucky Central Railway and a friend of Mr. Wilson (since dead), was induced to take the management. By careful supervision the losses were not quite so great for the two years following; but the total loss in the three years is estimated at about \$15,000.

"This swallowed up \$10,000 left by the original contractor and about \$5,000 lost by the bondsmen. Some of the relatives of the dead Weedon claimed that the alleged losses were fictitious, to eat up the estate; but the cousin who worked the business for a year can tell to the contrary.

"The senior of the new contractors, Pearce, is one of the original bondsmen on the Weedon contract, and the other, Browning, is the son-in-law of Mr. Wilson. They have retained Robert Anderson as manager. They figured on the contract to come out about even, they preferring to run it so rather than sacrifice their stock and wagons, for which they can get more than if they were put up for sale. The business is in good running shape and it is expected that the expenses will not be quite as heavy.

"They have now about twenty head of horses, and some of them are just recovering from the pink-eye. They have thirteen wagons—four large double mail wagons—and must shortly have several more. They expect to run sixteen wagons this season. They are also going to refit their stables at No. 101 East Fifth street.

"This mail messenger service requires running of wagons night and day between the post office and all the six railroad depots and the river. Runs are made to and from one hundred and sixty-five mail trains in the twenty-four hours. The service to the Kentucky Central and Chesapeake and Ohio trains require trips across the river. The only steamboat mail served is on the Big Sandy boats, to which two trips a day are made. Constant watchfulness is necessary, not only because of the extent and diversity of the work, but on account of the absolute punctuality demanded."

Lecture at Mayslick.

Professor J. W. McGarvey will give a lecture on "Palestine" at Mayslick, on Saturday night, July 30. Proceeds for the Bible College Library of Lexington. Admission, 25 cents; persons under 15 years, 15 cents.

Wheat.

There has been a considerable decline in all the leading wheat markets the past week. The large stock of old wheat carried over has had a depressing effect. We understand dealers here are offering 70 cents per bushel, which is within 9 cents per bushel of prices at the seaboard. Maysville stands well as a market.

STATE TROOPS

Called for by Judge Cole to Aid in Maintaining Order at Morehead During the Next Term of Court.

The next regular term of the Rowan Circuit Court will convene at Morehead on the 2nd day of August.

Quiet has prevailed at that place ever since the "Law and Order" people surrounded the town not long ago and shot down Craig Tolliver and three of his partners in crime. But it has been found necessary to keep an armed guard constantly on duty in order to preserve the peace. At least that is what is claimed by the "Law and Order" people. Within the past week or so several persons from Morehead, among them the Sheriff, Deputy Sheriff, D. B. Logan, leader of the "Law and Order" people, and others, have visited this city. It has been known all along that the object of their visit was to consult with Judge Cole as to the advisability of calling on the Governor to send a company of State troops to Morehead to aid in preserving order at the coming term of court. It seems to be the opinion of these visitors that the only way to prevent another outbreak is to have the troops on hand.

In response to these urgent demands, Judge Cole has made a call on the Governor for a company of State guards. The letter containing the call was mailed on the 21st of this month. Judge Cole had received no response from Governor Knott Saturday afternoon. To a representative of the BULLETIN the Judge said he was not in the habit of talking much to newspaper men, and he preferred not to express any opinion as to the present state of affairs in Rowan. He had made the call for the troops and the matter now rested with the Governor.

In reference to this matter a special from Flemingsburg says: "Boone Logan, the Governor's agent at Morehead, and Squire Hogg, Sheriff of Rowan County, were here Thursday to consult with the 'Law and Order' attorneys in regard to the grand jury soon to be empaneled in Rowan County. The list as furnished the Sheriff by the Commissioners contains five names which are very objectionable; in fact, the names of men who should be indicted. Judge Cole informed them that it was too late to change the panel, but when they assembled for instructions he would weed out and bounce improper persons, and that no man who was under a cloud and known to be 'wanted' would be permitted to serve. The petit juries will, in all likelihood, be drawn from surrounding counties, and when court convenes in Morehead, August 2nd, there will be some of the liveliest times for the wicked they ever experienced."

SHERIFF HOGGE and Sam Goodin, of Rowan County, were here last Saturday to see Judge Cole about some matters connected with the approaching term of the Circuit Court at Morehead.

THE boom in the tobacco market still keeps up. At Louisville last Friday forty-four hogsheads were sold at prices ranging from \$13,50 to \$31,50 per hundred. Most of the lot brought over \$20 per hundred.

In the Circuit Court, Saturday, Henry Lewis, colored, was acquitted of the charge of aiding and abetting in the wilful and malicious cutting of Snel Farley. The indictment against Hord Loughridge, colored, for the same offense, was filed away, Loughridge having "turned State's evidence."

MISS KATE HENRY, daughter of the late Mrs. Lucy Rand Henry, formerly of Maysville, is in the city on a short visit to Mr. S. R. Shepard, 316 East College street. Miss Henry is now living at Glasgow, Ky., where, as a teacher of art and an artist, she has a high reputation.

At New Richmond, O., the other day, Polly Hayden, colored, died at the age of one hundred and five years. She was born a slave near Richmond, Va., in December 1771. In 1846 she purchased her freedom for \$700, and came to reside at New Richmond. It is said she never was sick during her life, and retained her senses to the last moment.

THE Signal Service tower at Lenoxburg, Bracken County, is thirty-three feet square at the base, twelve feet square at the top platform, and ninety feet high. They reach the top by ladders from the inside. The keeper is provided with a twelve-foot telescope with which he makes his observations. A somewhat similar tower is erected at Minerva.

THE drouth in the lower end of Bracken County was said last week to be the worst ever experienced there. Corn is badly fired, the earlier planting being considered worthless. Pastures are seered and brown, while tobacco, what little was put out, is small and drived until not more than 20 per cent. of an average crop can be calculated upon. Crops of every description will be cut down from one-half to three-fourths.

Death of James H. Shanklin.

James H. Shanklin died late last Saturday evening at his home in the vicinity of Mayslick, at the age of about sixty-eight years. He had been in bad health the past year or so, and spent some time at Hot Springs a few months ago. His stay at that place, however, did not result in any very noticeable improvement in his condition. Last Saturday morning while preparing to go over to Johnsons Junction, he was suddenly taken worse, and sank rapidly, his death resulting that evening at a late hour. Congestion of the brain is thought to have been the immediate cause of his death.

The funeral services were held yesterday afternoon. The deceased was one of the old and highly esteemed citizens of that vicinity, and his remains were followed to their last resting-place in the cemetery at Mayslick by a large concourse of friends and relatives.

Baseball Report.

National League games July 23rd: At Pittsburgh—Pittsburg, 4; Indianapolis, 5.

Shackelford's Pharmacy.

Most attractive store in town—in "Cox Building." Fine old wines and liquors for medical purposes. Pure drugs, Toilet articles in great variety.

Pay Your City Taxes.

Your taxes must be paid now to save the 5 per cent.

C. S. LEACH, Treasurer,
j25-167 Office at Ice Factory.

Personal.

Miss Ella Metcalfe is visiting friends and relatives in the vicinity of Mayslick.

Ed. Breen went to Flemingsburg Saturday to spend a few days with friends.

Mrs. Harry Thompson returned to Lexington this morning, after a stay of a week or so with relatives in this city.

Miss Anna Shackelford, of Sutton street, has returned from an extended visit at St. Louis, Kansas City and other points in the West.

THE contract for building an iron bridge over Shannon Creek on the line of the Lowell and Sardis pike was let last Saturday to an Ohio company at \$1,450. The span will be sixty-six feet in length.

THE firm of Foster & Carr was dissolved by mutual consent on the 8th of this month. The business will be continued under the firm name of R. A. Carr & Co.

AN END TO BONE SCRAPING.

Edward Shephard, of Harrisburg, Ill., says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well."

Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c per box by J. C. Pecor & Co., and P. Campbell & Co., of Aberdeen Ohio.

A Captain's Fortunate Discovery.

Capt. Coleman, schr. Weymouth, plying between Atlantic City and N. Y., had been troubled with a cough so that he was unable to sleep, and was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. It not only gave him instant relief, but allayed the extreme soreness in his breast. His children were similarly affected and a single dose had the same happy effect. Dr. King's New Discovery is now the standard remedy in the Coleman household and on board the schooner. Free trial bottles of this standard remedy at the drug stores of J. C. Pecor & Co., and S. P. Campbell, & Co., of Aberdeen Ohio.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. C. Pecor & Co.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

MAYSICK.

Mrs. J. A. Jackson and son left on the K. C. July 21st to visit her mother, Mrs. Mary A. Collins, at Cave Ridge, Bourbon County.

Dr. J. B. Lindsey is circulating among us again, ready for any emergency.

Dr. Gooch, proprietor of Gooch's Mexican Syrup, and Harry S. Wood paid us a call the other day on their way to the Blue Lick Springs, where they will rusticate for a time.

A cool but dry breeze struck us Thursday morning and the mercury dropped twenty degrees. We breathe more freely.

The very latest from A. G. Wilson, of Lewis County, is that he is now engaged in building and furnishing school houses. A very worthy vocation.

Dr. Martin, Jr., and Harry McDougle, of Maysville, passed through this place the other evening on bicycles en route to Mammoth Cave.

Miss Mary Toupe and Miss Ella Metcalfe, of Maysville, are visiting friends and relatives in this vicinity.

LADIES' OPERA SLIPPERS

>\$1.00<

Good Quality, Cool and Comfortable

HOPPER & MURPHY.

JEWELEY,

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Silverware.

We have the exclusive sale of Dr. JULIUS KING's SPECTACLES, which are pronounced by competent opticians the best in the market. Repairing Fine Watches a specialty. No. 43 Second street, Maysville, Ky.

HERMANN : LANGE : THE

PORPSMOUTH'S JUBILEE.

A MAGNIFICENT REVIEW OF THE BRITISH NAVY.

The Greatest Marine Spectacle Ever Witnessed—A Number of Prominent Americans View the Scene—The Queen on Board Her Yacht—A Great Success.

PORPSMOUTH, July 25.—Crowds everywhere, people flocking hither and thither, some seeking food, some struggling for vantage points of view, and all with but one general and absorbing thought—the jubilee review, the grandest naval review England ever witnessed. Special trains from London brought the lords of the admiralty, the members of the house of lords and house of commons, ambassadors, the military and naval representatives of foreign powers, and many other distinguished members.

A large number of Americans came down in special trains, including Minister Phelps, Minister McLane of the Paris legation; Minister Curry of the Spanish legation; Secretary White and wife, Lieut. Chadwick and wife, Lieut. Buckingham and wife, an attaché of the Paris legation, Consul General Waller, Senators Hawley and Frye and Congressman Hopkins. The party was in the highest spirits and was delighted at the number of Americans brought together. Bunker Horton and family were aboard a private yacht, Allan Arthur, ex-President Arthur's son, Mrs. Frank Leslie and other Americans were aboard various vessels in the harbor. Mr. Augustus Jay, second secretary of the Paris legation, was on the war ship Helicon. Vanderbilt's yacht Alva was also in the harbor.

Porpsmooth's harbor presented a brilliant and animated scene when the invited guests arrived and were taken on the troop ships to be conveyed to Spithead. The ladies were dressed in charming costumes, mostly of white trimmed with the colors. The men, for the most part, that is the civilians, wore flannel and light material. The brilliant uniforms of the countless officers, military and naval, presented a sight seldom witnessed. Two immense Indian liners were the first to move off with their guests, and these vessels as they shoved through the water created the most enthusiastic admiration. They were followed by other troop ships from the Porpsmooth dock-yard and by scores of steamboats. The steamer Bonita was filled with Americans.

At Spithead the vast English navy was gathered. The fleets were divided into their cruising squadrons and moved in columns, liners ahead, ships two cables apart, columns three cables apart. The flagship headed each division and faced eastward. There were also formed in columns in division parallel to the other squadrons and arranged in the same manner five coast defense squadrons, each consisting of coast defense ships, gunboats and torpedo boats. Six training ships were moored in single column inshore in parallel to the other liners. The foreign ships of war present were anchored off Brownsea.

Never before has the world seen in all its history such a fleet gathered together. It represented every class of vessel in the British navy, from the majestic iron-clad to the spifful torpedo boat. Compared with this review the review of the Crimean fleet by the prince consort and the queen thirty-one years ago sinks into insignificance. Some of the wooden ships used at that were decked out to-day for the occasion, and there, pointing to the still earlier history of the navy, standing as steadily on the choppy sea as she did in her palmy day, rode Nelson's old ship Victory—one of the noteworthy sights of this memorable day.

Every ship or steamboat that passed her gave a round of cheers. The old war vessel had mounted a gun or two and joined in the general salute to the queen. Great praise must be given to Sir Charles Beresford, to whose excellent arrangements both in respect to the attention of the guests and the success of the affair is largely due.

Just before 3 o'clock the royal yacht Albert and Victoria, with her majesty the queen on board, started from her buoy, and preceded by the Trinity and followed by the royal yachts Osborne and Albert, and her majesty's ships Enchantress, Helicon, Euphrates, Crocodile and Matabar. The royal yacht and its convoy passed between the lines in review. As her majesty passed through the endless lines of war ships, each yard arm being manned with brawny tars, deafening cheer after cheer was sent up by the crews.

After the entire tour of the ship had been made the great cannon on the large ships began to thunder forth the royal salute. As each gun sent its tribute out over the water the vessels began to roll and the sea to heave. The vessels drawn up in line extended over four miles, and even this line was added to by the great troop ships laden with spectators. At the close of the review, the visitors were landed.

THE WOOL MARKET.

Both the Boston and Philadelphia Reports Show But Little Change.

NEW YORK, July 25.—Bradstreet's, in its summary of the wool market, says that at Boston no change has appeared this week, that more frequent inquiries have been made by manufacturers. Purchases have not increased to any extent, both sellers and buyers pursuing a waiting policy. There is a fair demand for medium descriptions, but fine fleeces are neglected and weak. Prices in the general range are unchanged. The sales of the week are reported at 1,870,000 pounds, against 1,560,000 pounds last week, and, 4,628,000 in the same week last year. The Boston wool market continues dull and easy and in buyers' favor.

The Philadelphia market has continued very quiet. Mills are buying only for urgent wants unless they can secure sharp concessions, which the majority of holders are unwilling to make. Manufacturers are using a good deal of shoddy and cheap foreign wool to lessen the cost of products in competition with foreign goods. This adds to the dullness of the market for home grown wool. Stocks are tight and receipts continue small, as dealers are unwilling to stock up at ruling rates in the interior. Prices at Boston are the same as last week, except Michigan extra which is 31 to 32 c.

DEMAND FOR CATTLE.

The Rumor That the Texas Trail is to be Abandoned is Discredited.

ST. LOUIS, July 25.—Telegrams from Dallas and San Antonio, Tex., discredit the report that the Texas cattle trail is to be abandoned and that 50,000 head of cattle on their way to Wyoming were yesterday turned back at the Arkansas river. Col. Simpson, who was reported as having agents at the alleged cattle growers' meeting at

Denver, says the company was not represented there and that all the cattle he had sent over the trail this summer are now in Wyoming.

He says it is probably true that there is little demand for Texas cattle in Wyoming, but that this will not cause heavy loss or probable failure. Maj. Hilliard thought that the report was intended to alarm Texas cattle men. He thought trail cattle were finding slow sales, but there was plenty of grass in Indian Territory and no necessity to turn the herds back. From other quarters it was generally recognized that the old days of the trail is over and the only salvation is to establish packing houses in Texas.

Kept a Mob at Bay.

ODESSA, Mo., July 25.—A mob of fifty men, headed by the father of a young woman who had given birth to an illegitimate child, was brought to a halt to-day by one man, with the words, "Halt! I will shoot the first man who enters my gate. I am here, but to get my body you must come for it. I will not run away from judicial investigation." J. W. Henry, pastor of the Christian church here, a married man with three children, was the speaker. The mob had come to lynch him, but the resolute elder, revolver in hand, made them beat a retreat. Mollie McHalton had accused the older of being the author of her ruin. He denied it, and as the excitement had been calmed, he will be formally investigated, at his request. Miss McHalton is quite a prominent society belle. She was a member of Elder Henry's church.

SARATOGA RACES.

SARATOGA, N. Y., July 25.—The second day of the races here was cloudy and cool. Attendance light. First race, Flash stakes for two-year-olds, half a mile: Kingfish first, Badge second, Van Leland third. Time 0:50. Odds 1 to 2. Mutuals paid \$7.80. Second race, one and three-sixteenths miles: Al Reed won by a length, Himalaya second, Elkwood third. Time 2:06. Odds 10 to 1 on Al Reed. Third race, California stakes, for all ages, one mile. There were only two starters—Volante with Murphy, and Royal Arch with Garrison in the saddle. They raced together for three-quarters of a mile, when Royal Arch drew away and won by twenty lengths. Volante was evidently in trouble. Time 1:45. Odds nothing on Volante; 12 to 1 against Royal Arch. Fourth race, three-quarters of a mile: Orvid first, Col. Owens second, Nellie B third. Time 1:18 1-2. Odds 1 to 2 on Orvid.

COLORED Ku-Klux Defy Uncle Sam.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 25.—The story of a sensational ku-klux conspiracy was told in the United States court to-day. Twelve negroes were indicted for intimidating government witnesses in revenue cases, and the trial brought out the fact that a regular organization exists on one of the sea islands near this city. The island is inhabited principally by negroes. All the members of the ku-klux gang are negroes except the president, who is a white man and the justice of the island. The testimony showed that several government witnesses had been waylaid and shot at, and that several were arrested on warrants issued by the president of the ku-klux.

Generous Pittsburg Citizen.

PITTSBURG, July 25.—J. N. McCullough, vice president of the Pennsylvania railroad west of Pittsburg, has just presented each of twelve nieces and nephews with \$5,000. Mr. McCullough's wealth is estimated at \$5,000,000. He is between fifty and sixty, and has but one daughter, the wife of Mr. Harry Darlington, the brewer.

Claims Self-Defense.

PITTSBURG, July 25.—Detectives Milarkey and Duncan, of New York, who arrested Daniel Lyons for the murder of Joseph Quinn on the night of July 5, started back home with their prisoners yesterday afternoon. In an interview Lyons admitted the killing, but claimed that it was in self-defense.

The Manhattan Jockey Club.

NEW YORK, July 25.—The charter of the Manhattan Jockey club was filed in the county clerk's office yesterday. The capital of the club is \$100,000, and the directors are Leonard W. Jerome, John Hunter, Lawrence Kip, Louis L. Lorillard, Frank Work and Eugene G. Jerome.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a Terse and Spicy Manner.

Texas fever is spreading among Kansas cattle.

British ship Frith of Olina and crew of twenty-five were lost off Java.

Anarchy prevails in Bulgaria, consequent on the election of King Ferdinand.

A natural gas flame as big as a barrel and thirty feet high, illuminates Howell, Mich.

David Hoffman was hanged at Nebraska City for wrecking a train, killing the engineer.

Two men in a boat off Coney Island were killed by lightning, and their bodies hurled into the bay.

A cow on the Iron Mountain track near Piedmont, Mo., derailed a passenger train, and killed the engineer.

Theresa Hall, member of the best society of East Tennessee, drowned herself in a cistern. Disappointed in love.

Fire in the wholesale district, St. Paul, damaged Burbank's clothing store and the Minnesota spice mills. Loss \$150,000.

Friday rain fell in Iowa, Illinois, Missouri, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Virginia, Pennsylvania and New York.

Michael Petit was brained with a club by Andrew Puduski, his bedfellow, at Alden, Pa. The men were courting the same girl.

Germania assembly, Knights of Labor, of Wilmington, Del., withdrew from the order because of the clause prohibiting beer at picnics.

Local Assembly 4026, Knights of Labor, Washington, has been suspended by the district assembly for criticising the latter's Anarchistic tendencies.

John D. Shee, murderer of a policeman, who was brought to St. Louis after serving a four-year sentence in a Pennsylvania prison, has again been sentenced to death. Shee broke jail just a few days before the date of his execution five years ago.

Sporting Notes.

Harry Wilkes and Paton, two great trotters, will race at Cleveland next week for \$2,500.

Fight between Charley Mitchell and Reddy Gallagher, of Cleveland, will occur next Tuesday night.

The yacht Thistle is ready to start on her voyage to America. Her racing spars will be conveyed across the Atlantic by steamer. Col. M. Lewis Clark, president of the

Louisville Jockey club, has refused to act as presiding judge at the Chicago Driving park.

Connersville, Ind., sports have been done up by two sprinters giving their names as Anderson and Curtis. It was the old game of the sprinter disguised as a farmer.

BASE BALL.—Cincinnati 4, Baltimore 1; Louisville 6, Brooklyn 5; Cleveland 6, Atlantic 4 (game given to Athletics by umpire); Mets 2, St. Louis 2 (ten innings); New York 4, Indianapolis 3 (ten innings); Pittsburgh 4, Philadelphia 3; Zanesville 15, Kalamazoo 2; Lexington 10, Frankfort 9.

Torn to Pieces By a Bull.

CHICAGO, July 25.—The Journal Detroit special says: Eli Parkes, a prominent citizen of Charlotte, was literally torn to pieces by a mad bull this morning. Remains were found scattered about the premises. The bull was shot.

FINANCI AND COMMERCE.

Quotations of the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Market for July 23.

NEW YORK—Money 4½ per cent. Exchange steady. Governments steady. Currency sixes, 123 bid; four coupons, 127½; four-and-a-halfs, 108½ bid.

The stock market this morning was excessively dull and but for the formality of the thing the stock exchange might as well have adjourned from yesterday over to Monday. A few stocks see-sawed a little over ½ to 1 per cent. under the efforts of the board room traders to scalp fractional profit from each other. When the bank statement was announced, showing an increase of \$57,000 in the reserve it stiffened the whole market and prices at noon, the closing hour, were up ½ to 1 per cent. The dealings were absolutely featureless, and at times there was nothing done. The sales for the morning amounted to 26,000 shares. The following are the closing prices.

Bur. & Quiney...144 Mich. Central...88

Canadian Pacific...60½ Missouri Pacific...103

Central Pacific...164½ N. Y. Central...101

N. C. & St. L...104½ Northwestern...116½

Del. & Hudson...101½ do preferred...27½

Del. & Lack. & W...12½ Ohio & Miss...27½

Denver & Rio G...29½ Pacific Mail...43

Erie seconds...31½ Reading...56

Illinois Central...121½ Rock Island...129

Jersey Central...77½ St. Paul...38½

Kansas & Texas...28 do preferred...128½

Lake Shore...94½ Union Pacific...56

Louisville & Nashville...62½ Western Union...76½

Cincinnati.

FLOUR—Fancy, \$2.70 to \$2.95; family, \$3.15 to \$4.00.

WHEAT—No. 3 red, 71 to 72c; No. 2, 72 to 73c.

CORN—No. 3 mixed, 44c; No. 2 mixed, 45c.

OATS—No. 3 mixed, 28 to 29c; No. 2 mixed, 29 to 30c; No. 3 white, 31 to 32c.

PORK—Family, \$14.50 to \$14.75; regular, \$15.50 to \$16.25.

POULTRY—Common chickens, \$2.75 to \$3.00 per dozen; fair to prime, \$3.25 to \$3.50 choice, \$3.75 to \$4.00.

WOOL—Unwashed medium clothing, 2 to 26c; fine washed medium clothing, 17½ to 21c; fine washed medium clothing, 23½ to 26c; fine merino X and XX, 22 to 25c; but and cots, 16 to 18c; tub-washed, 28 to 38c; pulled, 20 to 31c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$12.00 to \$13.00; No. 2, \$10.50 to \$11.00; mixed, \$9.00 to \$10.00; prairie, \$7.50 to \$8.00; wheat and oats and rye straw, \$3.00 to \$6.00.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers', \$3.10 to \$3.75; fair to good, \$2.00 to \$2.25; stock and feeders, \$2.00 to \$2.25; yearlings and calves, \$2.00 to \$2.50.

HOGS—Good to select butchers', \$5.25 to \$5.45; fair to good packing, \$5.00 to \$5.30; fair to good light, \$4.85 to \$5.15; common, \$4.50 to \$4.80; culs, \$3.50 to \$4.00.

SEEPH—Common to fair, \$2.50 to \$2.75; good to good packing, \$3.00 to \$3.20; fair to good light, \$2.75 to \$3.00; culs, \$3.50 to \$4.00.

SHEEP—Common to fair, \$4.00 to \$4.40; common to good, \$4.50 to \$5.00; fair to good light, \$4.50 to \$5.50; culs, \$5.00 to \$6.00; lambs, \$5.50 to \$6.50; receipts, 4,000 head; shp-mts, 1,300 heads.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Nothing doing; all through consignments; prime, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good, \$3.75 to \$4.00; common, \$3.00 to \$3.50; receipts, 632; shipments, 38.

HOGS—Firm; receipts, 1,400; shipments, 1,900

head; Philadelphia, \$5.30 to \$5.50; Yorkers, \$5.45 to \$5.55; common and light, \$5.30 to \$5.40.

SHEEP—Firm and unchanged; fair to prime, \$4.50 to \$4.65; fair to good, \$4.60 to \$4.80; common, \$4.50 to \$5.00; lambs, \$5.50 to \$6.50; receipts, 4,000 head; shp-mts, 1,300 heads.

Chicago.

CATTLE—Choice to extra shipping, \$3.15 to \$3.50 mixed, \$3.25 to \$3.80.

DEWITT C. FRANKLIN.

Dentist.

Office: Sutton Street, next to Postoffice.

M. W. S. MOORES.</